Cultured meat production: insights from a tissue engineering perspective

Prof. dr. ir. Lieven Thorrez Tissue Engineering Lab Dept. Development and Regeneration KU Leuven, Belgium



# Very short history of cultured meat (mainstream version)



"We shall escape the absurdity of growing a whole chicken in order to eat the breast or wing; by growing these parts separately under a suitable medium"

2013

1932



Prof. Mark Post

kulak

**KU LEUVEN** 

**2016** Fast expansion with many startup companies

# Very short history of cultured meat (science version)





In vitro model for stretch-induced hypertrophy of skeletal muscle, Science 1979

Protein degradation in embryonic skeletal muscle. Effect of medium, cell type, inhibitors, and passive stretch, *J Biol Chem 1980* 

Maintenance of highly contractile tissue-cultured avian skeletal myotubes in collagen gel In Vitro Cell Dev Biol 1988

Prof. Herman Vandenburgh





kulak

**KU LEUVEN** 

# History



Acta Astronautica Volume 51, Issue 12, December 2002, Pages 879-889



# *In vitro* edible muscle protein production system (mpps): stage 1, fish

M.A Benjaminson 🐣 🖾, J.A Gilchriest, M Lorenz



TISSUE ENGINEERING Volume 11, Number 5/6, 2005

Commentary

In Vitro-Cultured Meat Production

P.D. EDELMAN, M.Sc.,<sup>1</sup> D.C. McFARLAND, Ph.D.,<sup>2</sup> V.A. MIRONOV, Ph.D., M.D.,<sup>3</sup> and J.G. MATHENY, M.P.H.<sup>4</sup>



# About \$3 billion of total investment



Next to many others claiming to produce pet foods, scaffold materials, culture media, ...

kulak

**KU LEUVEN** 

Currently only GOOD Meat has a product "on the market"

# Definition

**Strict sense:** Biological tissue (often muscle) -created in the lab or an industry setting, without killing an animal - that is exactly the same as the tissue in an animal

**Broad sense**: creation of a meat-like product, using animal cells as part of the ingredients, "hybrids" (but: challenges for definitions)



# The first "hamburger"







Prof. Mark Post €250000 burger

Kupferschmidt K. Food science. Lab burger adds sizzle to bid for research funds. Science, 2013.

For the patty, tens of thousands of these beef circles were turned over to Peter Verstrate, a self-employed food technologist in the Netherlands, who cut the rings to produce shreds of meat about a centimeter long, which he ground up. He added breadcrumbs and some binder to improve the texture, but color was a problem: Because of a lack of myoglobin—the oxygen-carrying molecule that makes muscle tissue red—the meat looked white. A mix of beetroot juice, saffron, and a little bit of caramel made the raw burger look a pinkish red and helped it turn brown while cooking.

**KU LEUVEN** 

kulak

#### Hamburger uit labo kost over drie jaar nog maar elf euro

11/10/2016 om 06:00 door Van onze redactrice Myrte De Decker Mark Post: 'Deze burger heeft geen schadelijke stoffen.' Foto: belga



Nog een drietal jaar en dan zou de 'kweekvlees'-burger erkendmoeten zijn door de Europese Commissie. 'Ik ken de inhoud. Deburgers hebben geen schadelijke stoffen.'2016



# Challenges



Obtaining cells



Cell culture media: composition and cost



Scaffolds – extracellular matrix



Bioreactors upscaling of cell expansion

creation of larger pieces



Maturation

Thorrez L. and Vandenburgh H. Challenges in the quest for 'clean meat'. Nature Biotechnology 2019.

**KU LEUVEN** 

kulak

# Cell source





# Cell expansion







# Properties of expanded bovine myoblasts



- Increased doubling time
- Increased cell size

P1

Reduced function (myotube formation)

P6

**KU LEUVEN** 

kulak



P3

P – passage PD – population doubling

Maria Olenic Retaining myogenic capacity during myoblast expansion: another challenge for cultured meat production - 8th International Scientific Conference on Cultured Meat - 10.10.2022

Use of pluripotent stem cells  $\rightarrow$  genetically engineered for differentiation

# Cell culture media

Liquid with glucose, amino acids, salts, vitamins,... Basal + serum (replacement) : amount -- COST !!!





" Clean culture media for clean meat: We did it ! Our R&D team managed to develop a 3-product portfolio for myosatellite cells"

#### However:

" Cells stop growing after 4 to 5 passages. The growth rate is 15% to 20% of what I have observed from FB containing medium." (personal communication, 10/2019)

Note: cows convert waste streams -> human nutrition. Not clear if waste streams can be used for cultured meat



# **Bioreactors: cell expansion**





**KU LEUVEN** 

kulak



Terzake docu Kweekvlees (26/12/2018)

# Scaffold materials - structuring

# 

Tools for structuring

Biomedical applications: collagen & fibrin Hydrogels versus more stiff matrices Food-grade materials

Ben-arye et al 2020







## **Tissue maturation**

Muscle development (Romero et al. Handb. Clin. Neurol 2013) :

10 -13 weeks of gestation: fusion of myoblasts generates primary myotubes with central nuclei 15-18 weeks of gestation: myotubes become myofibers with peripheral nuclei



Pre-birth longitudinal muscle histology: https://embryology.med.unsw.edu.au/





Tri-culture



Ben-arye et al. 2020

**KU LEUVEN** 

kulak

## **Tissue maturation**





# Other cel types, organization ?





# Company<br/>nameis raising the steakswith faster manufacturing,<br/>culling the time is takes to send a<br/>cell-grown piggy to market

has developed the ability to create high-quality cultivated meat in only eight days, a significant reduction in the process, which previously would take three weeks.



♡ D 1





#### Marketing story



### Nutritional value, safety, sustainability

Farm-raised meat also provides essential minerals, creatine, carnosine and vitamins B and D

Post-mortem processes

Perhaps everything can be added to the medium, but then why not consume the medium directly ?

How do we define meat ?

-> Novel foods require novel assessment methods

Fraeye I, Kratka M, Vandenburgh H, Thorrez L (2020). Sensorial and Nutritional Aspects of Cultured Meat in Comparison to Traditional Meat : Much to Be Inferred. Frontiers in Nutrition 7: 35.

kulak

**KU LEUVEN** 

# Chicken nuggets ?





# Upscaling



Image credit: Mosa Meat

#### Mosa Meat opens new facility in Maastricht, sees 'a clear path towards price parity' for cultivated meat

May 8, 2023 Elaine Watson

A decade after cofounder Dr. Mark Post unveiled the world's first beef burger made from animal cells grown outside of an animal, Dutch cultivated meat startup Mosa Meat has opened a 30,000sq ft 'scale-up plant' in Maastricht as it edges closer to commercialization. "the plant will initially have the capacity to make tens of thousands of cultivated burgers a year from 1,000-liter bioreactors."

- → 50000 burgers of 150g/burger
- $\rightarrow$  = 7500 kg output annually
- $\rightarrow$  = amount of meat from 25 cows

#### What we don't know:

What inputs go into the facility ? What energy consumption ? How many highly trained people are needed ? What amount and kind of waste streams are generated ? Are antibiotics needed ? What is the total operational cost ?

"Cellular agriculture": current gaps between facts and claims regarding "cell-based meat"

P. Wood , L. Thorrez , J-F. Hocquette , D. Troy , M. Gagaoua. Anim. Front. 2023. 13(2):68-74.



# Policy influence



Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

Scientific advice on cell-based food products and food safety considerations Call for experts

> Phase I application deadline – 30 April 2022 Phase II application deadline – 20 May 2022

#### Background

In 1932, Winston Churchill stated: "We shall escape the absurdity of growing a whole chicken in order to eat the breast or wing, by growing these parts separately under a suitable medium" (Churchill, 1932). After decades of research and development, the technology has now matured, and Churchill's idea has become a reality. The production can be done via *in vitro* cultivation of animal cells and then processed into products whose composition can be comparable to conventional animal products without needing the whole animal (Post, 2014; Kadim *et al.*, 2015).

Since the initial studies in the early 2000s, cell-based food production methodologies have been well characterized, meaning they are now ready to move from laboratories to production facilities. In 2013, the first beef burger produced through this technology was presented to the world (Post, 2013). In December 2020, the first cell-based chicken nuggets were approved in Singapore. As of November 2021, there are more than 75 start-ups developing various cell-based products around the world (Byrne, 2021). This commercial landscape is fast expanding with many types of products and commodities such as various types of meat, poultry, fish, aquatic products, dairy and eggs in the pipeline for future commercialization.

kulak

**KU LEUVEN** 

# Conclusions

#### tissue structure?

kulak

**KU LEUVEN** 



#### Independent academic research is highly needed to discriminate facts from wishful thinking and to guide policy

Olenic & Thorrez. Cultured meat production: what we know, what we don't know and what we should know. Italian journal of animal science 2023.

# Acknowledgements

#### Tissue engineering lab









Maria Olenic Chloë Deelkens Indi Geurs Elly De Vlieghere

kulak

**Colleagues U Ghent: S. De Smet,** M. I. Rodríguez Escobar, B. Devriendt, Catharina De Schauwer, C. Grootaert, D. Amelia Tzompa Sosa, E. Heyman, E. Cadena Martinez, J. Dewulf, J. Van Camp, J. van Hengel, K. Dewettinck, S. Van Vlierberghe, T. Trang Nhu, W. Verbeke, C. Yung Hung

**KU LEUVEN**